Taken from UCSC Genome Browser website: http://genome.ucsc.edu/FAQ/FAQformat.html#format1

BED format provides a flexible way to define the data lines that are displayed in an annotation track. BED lines have three required fields and nine additional optional fields. The number of fields per line must be consistent throughout any single set of data in an annotation track. The order of the optional fields is binding: lower-numbered fields must always be populated if higher-numbered fields are used.

The first three required BED fields are:

- 1. **chrom** The name of the chromosome (e.g. chr3, chrY, chr2_random) or scaffold (e.g. scaffold10671).
- 2. **chromStart** The starting position of the feature in the chromosome or scaffold. The first base in a chromosome is numbered 0.
- 3. **chromEnd** The ending position of the feature in the chromosome or scaffold. The *chromEnd* base is not included in the display of the feature. For example, the first 100 bases of a chromosome are defined as *chromStart=0*, *chromEnd=100*, and span the bases numbered 0-99.

The 9 additional optional BED fields are:

- 4. **name** Defines the name of the BED line. This label is displayed to the left of the BED line in the Genome Browser window when the track is open to full display mode or directly to the left of the item in pack mode.
- 5. **score** A score between 0 and 1000. If the track line *useScore* attribute is set to 1 for this annotation data set, the *score* value will determine the level of gray in which this feature is displayed (higher numbers = darker gray). This table shows the Genome Browser's translation of BED score values into shades of gray:

shade									
score in range	≤	167-	278-	389-	500-	612-	723-	834-	≥
	166	277	388	499	611	722	833	944	945

- 6. **strand** Defines the strand either '+' or '-'.
- 7. **thickStart** The starting position at which the feature is drawn thickly (for example, the start codon in gene displays).
- 8. **thickEnd** The ending position at which the feature is drawn thickly (for example, the stop codon in gene displays).
- 9. **itemRgb** An RGB value of the form R,G,B (e.g. 255,0,0). If the track line *itemRgb* attribute is set to "On", this RBG value will determine the display color of the data contained in this BED line. NOTE: It is recommended that a simple color scheme (eight colors or less) be used with this attribute to avoid overwhelming the color resources of the Genome Browser and your Internet browser.

- 10. blockCount The number of blocks (exons) in the BED line.
- 11. **blockSizes** A comma-separated list of the block sizes. The number of items in this list should correspond to *blockCount*.
- 12. **blockStarts** A comma-separated list of block starts. All of the *blockStart* positions should be calculated relative to *chromStart*. The number of items in this list should correspond to *blockCount*.

Example:

Here's an example of an annotation track that uses a complete BED definition:

track name=pairedReads description="Clone Paired Reads" useScore=1 chr22 1000 5000 cloneA 960 + 1000 5000 0 2 567,488, 0,3512 chr22 2000 6000 cloneB 900 - 2000 6000 0 2 433,399, 0,3601